Unit 3: Animal Science



Animals and Their Food

About the Lesson

- Herbivorous animals
- Carnivorous animals
- Omnivorous animals
- Feeding habits of animals
- Food of domestic animals

Many types of animals are found on the earth. All the animals are living things. To remain alive and for growth and development of the body, the animals need food. This food provides them energy for moving, running and hunting.

All the animals do not eat the same type of food. On the basis of the food they eat, the animals are divided into three kinds:

- 1. Herbivorous animals
- 2. Carnivorous animals
- 3. Omnivorous animals

1. Herbivorous Animals

Animals which eat grass, leaves and green plants are called herbivorous animals or herbivores. Cow, ox, buffalo, goat, horse, giraffe, elephant, rabbit, etc are herbivores.



Ox



Rabbit Horse



Elephant



Giraffe

2. Carnivorous Animals

The animals which eat the flesh animals of other are called carnivorous animals or carnivores. Some animals hunt other animals for their food while some eat the animals killed by other animals. Lion, tiger, fox, vulture, eagle, snake, lizard, wolf, etc are some carnivores.



3. Omnivorous Animals

Those animals, which, besides eating plants and grass, also eat the flesh of other animals, are called omnivorous animals or omnivores. Man, dog, cat, crow,

bear, etc. are omnivores.







Feeding Habits of Animals

Different animals eat different types of food. Their feedidng habits are also different. Though all the animals eat with their mouths, there are differences in the structure of their gums and teeth. Thus, the feeding habits of animals depend on the shape and structure of their mouth and teeth.

1. Cow, buffalo, horse, goat, sheep, etc. first quickly gather their food and then chew it. They gnaw their food easily as their front teeth are very sharp. Their back teeth are broad and strong, with which they chew their food.

These animals first swallow their food. Then, they bring some part of it back to the mouth and chew it. This is called chewing the cud. Nearly all herbivores chew the cud.

2. Carnivores first tear and then eat their food. Their front teeth are very long and sharp. Their claws too are sharp, long and strong. They hunt their prey and tear them with their claws and teeth.

The back teeth of carnivores are broad and strong with which they chew the flesh. Lion, cheetah, tiger, dog, etc. are such carnivores.

3. Animals such as snake, python, frog, lizard, crocodile, etc. do not have cutting and biting teeth in their mouth. Such animals swallow their prey as a whole.

Lizard and frog have long and sticky tongue with which



Animals which chew the cud





Animals with long and sharp teeth



they catch small insects. They pull these insects with their tongue while sitting at a distance and quickly swallow them whole.



Animals with long tongue

4. Cow, buffalo, goat, bitch (dog), cat, etc. feed their milk to their babies. The young ones of these animals suck the milk from their mother's breast (udder).



Bitch (dog)

Strange But True

Animals which feed milk to their babies are called 'mammals'.

- 5. Animals such as a dog and a cat do not drink liquids. They lick at the liquids with their tongue.
- 6. Animals such as rat, squirrel, rabbit, etc have very sharp and pointed front teeth. They nibble the seeds, fruits and plants to eat them.

7. Mosquito, honeybee, butterfly, leech, etc. do not have teeth. Rather, these animals have long and pointed suckers with which they suck their food. Mosquito, leech, bed-bug, etc. suck the blood of other animals





Honeybee



Strange But True

* A leech does not need food for a year after sucking blood for 1200 seconds. After sucking blood, a 50 g leech gains 200 g.

8. The earthworm eats only soil. Its mouth is like a hole. With it, it eats the soil which is partly mixed with the bodies of dead animals into it.



Earthworm

9. The elephant has a long trunk which it uses like a hand. It picks up food with it and puts it into its mouth. It also drinks water with it.



Strange But True

The teeth of elephant which are outside the mouth (called tusks) are not meant for eating. The teeth with which it eats are inside the mouth.



Food of Domestic Animals

Domestic animals are very useful to us. So, we should be careful about their food. The food should be nutritious as per the nature of their work so that they

remain healthy and strong.

Animals such as cow, buffalo, goat, etc. provide us milk. They should be given green grass, cotton seed, oil cakes, etc. so that their milk giving capacity may increase.



We get eggs from animals like hens and ducks. We eat eggs as food supplement. We also get meat from them. So, their food should be of such quality which is body-building.

Animals like mule, horse, camel, ox, etc are very helpful to us in performing various tasks. They carry our loads and help in agriculture. Hence, we should give them energy-giving food. They should be given gram, pulses, oil seed, etc. along with fodder besides their regular food.



Hen

- On the basis of food, animals are divided into three groups.
- × Animals eating grass and green plants are called herbivores.
- Carnivores eat the flesh of other animals.
- Omnivores eat both plants and flesh of other animals.
- All the animals have different feeding habits.
- Some herbivores gnaw and chew the cud.
- **x** Carnivores tear up their food for eating.
- Some animals do not have teeth. They suck their food by suckers.
- ➤ Domestic animals should be given enough and nutritious food as per their nature of work.

Exercise

A. Tick (✓) on the correct option : (MCQs)

- 1. On the basis of food, animals are divided into how many groups?
 - (a) Three

(b) Four

(c) Five

	2. Which type of animal is a cow?					
	(a) Carnivore	(b) Herbivore		(c) 0m	nivore	
	3. Which type of animal is a vulture?					
	(a) Omnivore (b) Herbivore (c) (nivore	
	4. Which type of animal is a dog?					
	(a) Herbivore (b) Omnivore (c) (nivore	
В.	Answer the following questions:					
	1. What do herbivores eat?					
	2. What do carnivores eat?					
	3. What do you mean by omnivorous animals?					
	4. Which type of teeth do herbivores have? How do they eat their food?					
	5. Which type of teeth do carnivores have? How do they eat their food?					
	6. What kind of food shou agriculture?	ld be given to ani	mals whic	h carry our loa	ads and he	lp in
C.	Fill in the blanks:					
	1. Food provides	to the animals.			mamn	nals
	2. Herbivores generally				sucking tu	ıbes
	3. Animals feeding milk to their babies are called				ene	ergy
	4. Some animals have long and pointed				е	eggs
	5. We get from hens and ducks.				chew the	cud
D.	Write the names:					
	1. Herbivorous animals		_			
	2. Carnivorous animals		_			
	3. Omnivorous animals					
	4. Load carrying animals					
	5. Swallowing animals	:	_			
4						
	reative Task					
Do	the following:					
1	Observe a cow or a huffalo	showing the gud Al	so observ	o how does its	iaw moyo	

- 2. Collect picture of some mammals and paste in your scrapbook.

Investigation:

For more information about plants, log on to: www.animallifefoundation.com